VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements Quarter II.2025

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company **Corporate Information**

Business Registration Certificate No.

0103018458

23 July 2007

Enterprise Registration Certificate No.

0102325399

23 July 2007

The Company's Enterprise Registration Certificate has been amended several times, the most recent of which is by Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0102325399 dated 19 April 2023. The Enterprise Registration Certificate, the Enterprise Registration Certificate and updates were issued by Hanoi Authority of Planning and Investment.

Board of Directors

Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao

Ms. Nguyen Thanh Ha Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan

Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong

Mr. Philipp Rösler

Chairwoman Vice Chairwoman Vice Chairman

- Independent Member

Member Member

Independent Member

Board of Management

Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Son Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong

Mr. To Viet Thang Mr. Michael Hickey Chief Executive Officer

Managing Director

Executive Vice President cum Chief Financial Officer Standing Vice President Group Chief Operation Officer

Auditing Committee

Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan

Mr. Chu Viet Cuong Ms. Tran Duong Ngoc Thao Chairman Member Member

Finance and

Budget Committee

Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Mr. Nguyen Thanh Son

Mr. Andrew Cowen

Mr. Rohit Singh Tomar

Chairwoman

Member Member Member

Registered Office

302/3 Kim Ma Street Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City

Vietnam

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Statement of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") presents this statement and the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") for the six-month ended 30 June 2025.

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. In the opinion of the Board of Management:

- (a) The consolidated financial statements set out on pages 3 to 49 give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2025, and of the consolidated results of operations and the consolidated cash flows of the Group for the period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting; and
- (b) At the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Group will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Management has, on the date of this statement, authorised these accompanying consolidated financial statements for issue.

Or helfalf of the Board of Management

CÔ PHÂN

02325390

VIETHER S

Ngiven Thanh Son Managing Director

Ha Noi City, 29 July 2025

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2025

Form B 01a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			As at		
		_	30.06.2025	01.01.2025	
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		42,095,674,406,346	38,577,508,632,397	
110	Cash and cash equivalents	5	7,148,653,555,458	4,558,984,549,152	
111	Cash		6,532,339,773,527	4,028,730,256,238	
112	Cash equivalents		616,313,781,931	530,254,292,914	
120	Short-term investments		2,438,766,831,924	3,825,833,411,115	
121	Trading securities	6(a)	990,000,000,000	990,000,000,000	
122	Provision for diminution in value of	. ,			
122	trading securities	6(a)	(415,000,000,000)	(386,800,000,000)	
123	Investments held to maturity	6(b)	1,863,766,831,924	3,222,633,411,115	
130	Short-term receivables		29,946,762,577,766	27,945,458,314,477	
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	. 7	9,653,223,558,934	11,364,962,887,070	
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers		1,522,599,486,219	769,368,218,015	
135	Short-term lending	9(a)	1,538,712,453,293	1,633,712,453,293	
136	Other short-term receivables	10(a)	17,463,174,889,819	14,404,780,037,999	
137	Provision for doubtful debts – short term		(230,947,810,499)	(227,365,281,900)	
140	Inventories	11	2,328,542,997,582	2,005,435,760,243	
141	Inventories		2,328,542,997,582	2,005,435,760,243	
150	Other current assets		232,948,443,616	241,796,597,410	
151	Short-term prepaid expenses	14(a)	227,278,697,391	200,408,169,962	
152	Value Added Tax to be reclaimed	16(a)	5,669,746,225	6,675,640,802	
153	Tax and other receivables from the State Budget	16(a)	-	34,712,786,646	

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 01a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			As a	ıt	
		_	30.06.2025	01.01.2025	
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	VND	VND	
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		70,234,269,846,648	60,737,746,152,196	
210	Long-term receivables		41,115,867,823,508	35,105,699,605,872	
211	Long-term trade accounts receivable		4,925,884,069,469	4,648,331,762,954	
212	Long-term prepayments to suppliers	8	3,927,217,791,304	5,537,440,074,689	
215	Long-term lending	9(b)	942,660,909,291	921,644,963,530	
216	Other long-term receivables	10(b)	31,320,105,053,444	23,998,282,804,699	
220	Fixed assets		17,830,100,171,256	14,166,236,941,769	
221	Tangible fixed assets	12(a)	10,577,741,322,712	8,284,217,086,707	
222	Historical cost		11,696,861,625,199	9,121,275,235,983	
223	Accumulated depreciation		(1,119,120,302,487)	(837,058,149,276)	
224	Finance lease fixed assets	12(b)	5,673,073,243,444	5,826,331,069,845	
225	Historical cost		6,181,116,755,409	6,181,116,755,409	
226	Accumulated depreciation		(508,043,511,965)	(354,785,685,564)	
227	Intangible fixed assets	12(c)	1,579,285,605,100	55,688,785,217	
228	Historical cost	. ,	1,646,806,619,491	108,623,042,127	
229	Accumulated amortisation		(67,521,014,391)	(52,934,256,910)	
240	Long-term assets in progress		1,275,726,718,249	1,528,213,656,105	
242	Construction in progress	13	1,275,726,718,249	1,528,213,656,105	
250	Long-term investments	6(c)	149,417,024,400	149,417,024,400	
253	Investments in other entities	. ,	149,417,024,400	149,417,024,400	
260	Other long-term assets		9,863,158,109,235	9,788,178,924,050	
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	14(b)	9,863,158,109,235	9,788,178,924,050	
270	TOTAL ASSETS		112,329,944,252,994	99,315,254,784,593	

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 01a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			As at		
			30.06.2025	01.01.2025	
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND	
300	LIABILITIES		88,452,899,508,628	82,196,542,019,489	
310	Short-term liabilities		37,255,794,947,378	33,506,383,912,017	
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	15	4,930,652,004,323	6,194,937,427,436	
312	Short-term advances from customers		1,318,485,998,663	1,515,557,303,596	
313	Tax and other payables to the				
	State Budget	16(b)	382,032,224,665	279,879,006,984	
314	Payable to employees		245,631,892,146	200,772,022,501	
315	Short-term accrued expenses	17	2,362,997,593,484	2,460,941,985,604	
318	Short-term unearned revenue	18	3,424,692,776,549	4,253,048,070,041	
319	Other short-term payables	19	3,218,406,404,795	3,777,010,028,448	
320	Short-term borrowings and finance				
	lease liabilities	20(a)	19,118,137,205,550	12,460,106,764,555	
321	Provision for short-term liabilities	21	2,244,644,139,408	2,355,397,860,057	
322	Bonus and welfare funds	22	10,114,707,795	8,733,442,795	
330	Long-term liabilities		51,197,104,561,250	48,690,158,107,472	
337	Other long-term payables		1,243,034,410,707	843,066,517,876	
338	Long-term borrowings and finance				
	lease liabilities	20(b)	31,896,090,278,469	30,052,392,436,812	
341	Deferred income tax liabilities	23	615,481,601,361	489,833,840,565	
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	21	17,442,498,270,713	17,304,865,312,219	
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		23,877,044,744,366	17,118,712,765,104	
410	Capital and reserves		23,877,044,744,366	17,118,712,765,104	
411	Owners' capital	24, 25	5,916,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000	
411a	- Ordinary shares with voting rights		5,916,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000	
412	Share premium	25	4,747,383,117,899	247,483,117,899	
417	Foreign exchange differences	25	1,244,714,994,330	780,330,086,948	
421	Undistributed earnings	25	11,945,576,477,591	10,652,687,447,061	
421a	- Undistributed post-tax profits of				
	previous years		10,652,687,447,061	9,249,524,468,061	
421b	- Post-tax profits of current period/year		1,292,889,030,530	1,403,162,979,000	
429	Non-controlling interests		23,256,814,546	22,098,773,196	
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		112,329,944,252,994	99,315,254,784,593	

29 July 2025

Thai Trong Cang

Acting Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum

Chief Financial Officer

Nguyen Thanh Son Managing Director



VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated statement of income for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025

Form B 02a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			Quar	ter II	For the six-mon	th period ended
Code		Note	This year VND	Previous year VND	This year VND	Previous year VND
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		17,885,303,707,141	16,237,951,168,014	35,837,453,771,578	34,029,943,841,249
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	26	17,885,303,707,141	16,237,951,168,014	35,837,453,771,578	34,029,943,841,249
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	27	(15,468,335,099,612)	(14,229,270,164,182)	(31,016,798,884,475)	(30,275,981,717,804)
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		2,416,968,607,529	2,008,681,003,832	4,820,654,887,103	3,753,962,123,445
21 22 23 25	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Selling expenses	28 29 29 30	598,467,137,814 (1,176,336,775,951) (896,701,518,385) (615,766,194,249)	562,927,659,358 (1,083,459,795,336) (710,447,334,610) (600,143,242,288)	1,004,203,888,248 (2,319,289,282,983) (1,706,684,080,240) (1,183,504,755,335)	1,147,453,290,821 (2,024,006,944,340) (1,429,148,502,358) (1,257,353,143,059)
26	General and administration expenses	31	(468,493,212,183)	(668,527,741,593)	(741,957,076,426)	(858,342,344,742)
30	Net operating profit		754,839,562,960	219,477,883,973	1,580,107,660,607	761,712,982,125
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other income		83,333,488,663 (23,276,466,718) 60,057,021,945	122,067,621,154 (17,524,087,058) 104,543,534,096	95,805,607,161 (24,613,643,441) 71,191,963,720	262,755,997,786 (24,060,527,049) 238,695,470,73 7
50	Net accounting profit before tax	:	814,896,584,905	324,021,418,069	1,651,299,624,327	1,000,408,452,862
51 52	Business income tax - current Business income tax - deferred		(54,219,229,031) (107,965,824,517)	(1,365,436,215) (27,328,433,606)	(57,259,584,418) (299,992,968,029)	(2,308,325,676) (163,632,240,976)
60	Net profit after tax		652,711,531,357	295,327,548,248	1,294,047,071,880	834,467,886,210
61 62	Attributable to: Owners of the parent company Non-controlling interests		652,431,854,112 279,677,245	294,642,071,010 685,477,238	1,292,889,030,530 1,158,041,350	830,825,785,091 3,642,101,119
70 71	Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	34	1,002 1,002	544 544	2,185 2,185	1,534 1,534

29 July 2025

Approved

Prepared by:

Thai Trong Cang
Acting Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum

Chief Financial Officer

Wuyeh Thanh Son Managing Director

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated statement of cash flows for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (Indirect method)

Form B 03a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			For the six-month period ended			
			This year	Previous year		
Code		Note	VND	VND		
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING					
	ACTIVITIES					
01	Net profit before tax		1,651,299,624,327	1,000,408,452,862		
	Adjustments for:					
02	Depreciation and amortisation		449,906,737,093	341,342,768,186		
03	Provisions		(285,065,713,708)	981,050,551,582		
04	Unrealised foreign exchange gains		(172,232,333,681)	(293,091,398,712)		
05	Profits from investing activities		(411,135,897,167)	(448,723,426,045)		
06	Interest expense		1,706,684,080,240	1,475,327,774,877		
08	Operating profit before changes in					
	working capital		2,939,456,497,104	3,056,314,722,750		
09	Decrease/(increase) in receivables		1,709,912,583,193	(3,042,120,610,388)		
10	Increase in inventories		(323,107,237,339)	(294,124,182,307)		
11	Decrease in payables		(2,142,199,341,626)	(1,732,295,784,148)		
12	Decrease/(increase) in prepaid expenses		150,637,225,242	(273,131,581,555)		
14	Interest paid		(1,694,334,069,346)	(1,459,789,974,452)		
15	Business income tax paid		(169,994,282,776)	(572,209,671)		
17	Other payments on operating activities		-	(130,000,000)		
20	Net cash inflows/(outflows) from					
	operating activities		470,371,374,452	(3,745,849,619,771)		
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING					
	ACTIVITIES					
21	Purchases of fixed assets and other long-					
	term assets		(12,908,713,655,230)	(1,569,807,518,537)		
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		143,391,000,000	143,556,874		
23	Loans and term deposits granted		(252,361,626,784)	(1,882,039,253,635)		
24	Collection of debt instruments of other					
	entities		1,706,228,205,975	118,289,468,207		
27	Interest received		93,196,351,970	288,575,067,691		
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(11,218,259,724,069)	(3,044,838,679,400)		

119/4 6

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Consolidated statement of cash flows for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (Indirect method – continued)

Form B 03a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			For the six-month period ended		
			This year	Previous year	
Cod	e	Note	VND	VND	
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES			
31	Proceeds from issuance of shares		4,999,900,000,000		
33	Proceeds from borrowings		29,534,286,367,763	29,438,542,609,854	
34	Repayments of borrowings		(21,050,146,253,542)	(24,954,151,183,502)	
35	Finance lease principal repayments		(160,996,750,690)	(155,567,723,502)	
40	Net cash inflows from financing activities		13,323,043,363,531	4,328,823,702,850	
50	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,575,155,013,914	(2,461,864,596,321)	
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of				
	year	5	4,558,984,549,152	5,050,743,180,748	
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		14,513,992,392	8,745,485,358	
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5	7,148,653,555,458	2,597,624,069,785	

29 July 2025

Prepared by:

Thai Trong Cang
Acting Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum

Chief Financial Officer

Approv

Nguyên Thanh Son Managing Director

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

1.1. Ownership structure

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated in Vietnam.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2025 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") and the Group's interest in associates.

1.2. Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries are to provide passenger and cargo transportation services on domestic and international air routes, airline related support services and to trade aircrafts and components.

1.3. Normal operating cycle

The normal operating cycle of the Group is generally within 12 months.

1.4. Group's structure

As at 30 June 2025, the Group had 7 direct subsidiaries, 2 indirect subsidiaries and 2 associates as present:

Name	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Business Registration Certificate	% Equity 30.06.2025	owned 01.01.2025
Directly Subsidiaries Swift 247 Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	To provide cargo transportation and related support services.	No. 0315524536 dated 23 February 2020	67%	67%
Vietjet Air IVB No. I Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	To trade and lease aircrafts and aircraft components.	No. 1825671 dated 27 May 2014	100%	100%
Vietjet Air IVB No. II Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	To trade and lease aircrafts.	No. 1825613 dated 27 May 2014	100%	100%
Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd. (i)	Singapore	To trade aircrafts.	No. 201408849N dated 27 March 2014	100%	100%
Vietjet Air Ireland No.1 Limited (i)	Ireland	To trade and lease aircrafts.	No. 544879 dated 3 June 2014	100%	100%
Galaxy Pay Company Limited	Vietnam	To provide e-wallet service.	No.0316368255 dated 08 July 2020	100%	100%
Vietjet Ground Services Limited Liability Company (i)	Vietnam	To provide directly supporting service activities for air freight.	No.0109783334 dated 19 Oct 2021	100%	100%



Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

1. REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

1.4. Group's structure (continued)

Name	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Business Registration Certificate	% Equity 30.06.2025	
Indirectly Subsidiarie	es				
VietjetAir Cargo Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	To provide cargo transportation and related support services.	No. 0312759089 dated 27 August 2014	64%	64%
Skymate Limited (i)	Cayman Islands	To trade aircrafts.	No. 327015 dated 15 September 2017	100%	100%
Associates					
Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co.,Ltd. (i) (ii)	Thailand	To provide transportation and transfer of goods and passengers and other related services.	No. 0105556100551 dated 25 June 2013	9%	9%
Cam Ranh International Terminal JSC (ii)	Vietnam	To provide support services for airline transportation.	No. 4201676638 dated 5 February 2016	10%	10%

- (i) As at 30 June 2025, the Group has not yet contributed capital in these subsidiaries and the associates. These companies' operations are mainly financed by the Company.
- (ii) The Company has significant influence over these companies because the Company has right to appoint members of the Board of Management of these companies.

As at 30 June 2025, the Group has 7,521 employees (01.01.2025: 6,702 employees).

2. BASIC OF PREPARATION

2.1. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting.

2.2. Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost basis. The consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

2. BASIC OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.3. Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Group is from 01 January to 31 December.

2.4. Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for the consolidated financial statements presentation purpose.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Group in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

3.1. Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

(ii) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as transactions with owners. The difference between the change in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received is recorded directly in retained profits under equity.

(iii) Loss of control

When losing of control in a subsidiary, the Group stops to record the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary as well as non-controlling interests and other equity components. Any gain or loss resulting from this event is recognized in the quarterly consolidated income statement. After divestment, the remaining interest in the previous subsidiary (if any) is recognized at the carrying amount of the investment in the consolidation financial statements of the parent company, after adjusting for proportionately to the changes in equity since the date of acquisition if the Group retains significant influence in the investee, or stated at cost of the remaining investment if there was insignificant influence.

(iv) Associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Associates are accounted for using the equity method. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the income and expenses of the associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases. When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest (including any long-term investments) is reduced to nil and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

(v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains and losses arising from transactions with associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates.

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2. Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than VND during the period have been translated into VND at rates approximating actual rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND are translated into VND, except for items hedged by financial instruments, at the average of the account transfer buying rates and selling rates at the end of the annual accounting period quoted by the commercial bank where the Group's entities most frequently conducts transactions.

All foreign exchange differences are recorded in the consolidated statement of income.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to VND at exchange rates at the end of the annual accounting period. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to VND at exchange rates at the dates of transactions.

Foreign currency differences arising from the translation of foreign operations are recognised in the consolidated balance sheet under the account "Foreign exchange differences" in equity.

3.3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

3.4. Investments

(i) Trading securities

Trading securities are those held by the Group for trading purpose i.e, purchased for resale with the aim of making profits over a short period of time. Trading securities are initially recognised at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in value of trading securities if market price of the securities item falls below its carrying amount. The allowance is reversed if the market price subsequently increases after the allowance was recognised. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the securities' carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that has been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are those that the Board of Directors has the intention and ability to hold until maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits at banks, investments in business cooperation contracts, corporate bonds and loans receivable held-to-maturity. These investments are stated at costs less allowance for doubtful debts.

(iii) Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognised at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in investment value if the investee has suffered a loss. The allowance is reversed if the investee subsequently made a profit that offsets the previous loss for which the allowance had been made. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no allowance had been recognised.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.5. Accounts receivable

Receivables are presented at their book value, less provisions for doubtful debts, and are monitored in detail according to their original maturity, remaining term as at the reporting date, debtor category, currency denomination, and other criteria as required by the Group's management.

3.6. Lendings

Lendings are lendings granted for interest earning under agreements among parties but not for being traded as securities.

Lendings are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding amounts to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end. Provision for doubtful lendings is made for each lending based on the estimated loss that may arise. Changes in the provision balance during the period are recorded as an increase or decrease in expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the lending is restored to its original cost, however it shall not be lower than a fixed profit sharing ratio, regardless of the business performance of the contract.

Lendings are classified into short-term and long-term lendings on the consolidated period balance sheet based on the remaining term of the lendings as at the consolidated period balance sheet date.

3.7. Business cooperation contract

A business cooperation contract ("BCC") is a contract between the Company and other parties to carry out specific business activities without establishing a new legal entity. These activities are jointly controlled by the parties under the BCC. The parties participating in the BCC agree to share the before tax profits of the BCC corresponding to the actual contribution ratio of each party. The nature of this BCC is to share revenue, expenses, and each party will exercise its rights, fulfil its conditions and ability to jointly controlled BCC's operations and cash flow.

According to this BCC, the Company is not in charge of accounting and tax finalisation. The Company accounts for its proportionate share of revenue and expenses from the BCC in the separate income statement as net profit/(loss) before tax.

3.8. Maintenance reserves of leased aircrafts

Under the terms of its aircraft operating lease agreements, the Group is legally and contractually responsible for maintenance and repair of the leased aircrafts throughout the lease period and is also required to make maintenance reserves with the lessors. The maintenance reserves are recorded as other short-term and long-term receivables when there is no significant uncertainty regarding recovery of the reimbursement from lessors. Maintenance reserves made to lessors are typically calculated based on a performance measure, such as flight hours or cycles, and are contractually required to be reimbursed to the Group upon the completion of the required maintenance of the leased aircraft including replacement of life limited parts, engine performance restoration, airframe major structural inspection, landing gear overhaul and auxiliary power unit (APU) heavy repair. If there are excess amounts on maintenance reserves at the expiration of the leases, the lessors are entitled to retain such excess amounts.

3.9. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price of inventory items, less the estimated costs of completion and direct selling expenses.

The Group applies the perpetual method of accounting for inventories.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.10. Tangible fixed assets

(i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Manufacturers' discounts for purchases of tangible fixed assets, if any, are deducted from the value of the related asset. Expenditure incurred after tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul cost, is charged to the consolidated statement of income in the year/period in which the cost is incurred, In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets, The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and infrastructures	5-47 years
Aircraft and components	10–20 years
Machinery and equipment	3–12 years
Office equipment	3–10 years
Motor vehicles	6–10 years

3.11. Leased assets

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the lessor has transferred the ownership at the end of the lease period, and transferred substantially the risks and rewards, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of leased assets or the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is separated between the liability and finance charges to achieve a constant rate on the outstanding finance lease balance. The corresponding rental obligations, net of the finance charge are included in long term borrowings.

The interest element of the finance costs is charged to the consolidated income statement over the lease term. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leasing contracts is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the assets or the lease term. However, if there is reasonable certainly that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, depreciation is calculated over estimated useful life of the assets.

Financial lease with a purchase option is a financing arrangement that allows the lessee (the party leasing the asset) the opportunity to become the owner of the leased asset at the end of the lease term. This purchase option is predefined in the lease contract, this purchase option is up to the lessee and the lessors, based on economic conditions, usage needs, and other factors at the time the financial lease concludes. Such a buy-back option provides a flexible choice for the lessee in managing and planning their assets and finances.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on either a straight-line basis over the terms of the lease or using another calculation method if it is more reasonable.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.12. Intangible fixed assets

(i) Software

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalised and treated as an intangible asset. Software is amortised on a straight-line basis from 2 years to 10 years.

(ii) Commercial operating rights for air routes

Commercial operating rights for air routes are recognized at historical cost less accumulated amortization. Historical cost comprises the initial investment value, non-refundable taxes, and directly attributable costs necessary to bring the asset to the condition and location necessary for its intended use. Any manufacturer discounts, if applicable, are deducted from the asset's cost. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 10 to 15 years.

3.13. Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of construction and acquiring aircrafts which have not been fully completed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction.

3.14. Long-term prepaid expenses

(i) Major inspection and overhaul expenditure

Major inspection and overhaul expenditure for leased aircrafts are deferred and amortised over the shorter of the period to the next major inspection event and the remaining term of the lease.

(ii) Rotable parts

Rotable parts which have estimated useful lives of more than 1 year are recorded in long-term prepaid expenses and amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

(iii) Tools and instruments

Tools and instruments include assets held for use by the Group in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND 30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulations. Cost of tools and instruments are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period from 2 years to 5 years.

(iv) Aircraft lease expenses

Aircraft lease expenses reflect the difference between the amount of which the Group shall settle pursuant to the lease payment schedule agreed with the lessors and the lease expenses charged on a straight-line basis.

(v) Other long-term prepaid expenses

Other long-term prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.15. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their costs.

3.16. Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

3.17. Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

(i) Provisions for maintenance costs in the scope of maintenance reserves

According to the aircraft leasing agreements between the Group and its lessors and the requirements of Vietnam Aviation Authority, the Group has to perform the routine maintenance and periodic maintenance for leased aircrafts based on its own Maintenance Planning Development which was constructed based on the guidance of airline manufacturers. Routine maintenance will be performed at the Group's cost while the periodic maintenance will be covered by maintenance reserves. The provisions for maintenance expenses in the scope of the maintenance reserves, except for engine performance restoration and auxiliary power unit heavy repair, is determined by discounting the expected future costs of maintenance for the leased aircrafts, having regard to the current fleet plan. During the period of leasing, the estimated costs are recorded in provisions with the corresponding debit to long-term prepaid expenses. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortised on the basis of flight hours or cycles to the next maintenance event. If effect of time value of money is material, unwinding discount of the provisions is recorded as financial expenses.

The estimated costs of engine performance restoration and auxiliary power unit heavy repair are accrued and charged to the consolidated statement of income over the estimated period between maintenance events using the ratios of actual flight hours or cycles and estimated flight hours or cycles between maintenance events.

(ii) Provisions for cost to make good on leased aircrafts

With respect to aircraft operating lease agreements where the Group is required to return the aircraft with adherence to certain maintenance conditions, cost to make good on leased assets is estimated at the inception of the lease based on the present value of the future expected costs at the expiration of the lease in order for the Group to meet the conditions for the return of the aircraft to the lessors, including certain levels of maintenance as well as arranging for final test flights, inspection, custom and deregistration costs, removal of the Group's modifications, if any and return of the aircraft to a specified location. At the inception of the lease, the estimated cost is recorded in provisions with the corresponding debit to long-term prepaid expenses. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases. If effect of time value of money is material, unwinding discount of the provisions is recorded as financial expenses.

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities include borrowings and finance lease liabilities from banks and other entities.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which is used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Group determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Group's borrowings that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement when incurred.

3.19. Appropriation of profit

The Group's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidation financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders and the list of shareholders receiving dividends is approved according to the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Group's charter and Vietnamese regulations. The General Meeting of Shareholders authorised the Board of Directors to decide on the implementation time. The Group's fund is Bonus and welfare fund

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Group's profit after CIT pursuant to Resolution of the Board of Directors and being approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholder. Fund is presented as a liability in the consolidation balance sheet. This fund is used for reward and encouragement of physical benefits, serving the needs of public welfare, improvement and enhancement of the standard of physical and spirit life of workers under the approval of the Board of Directors.

3.20. Bonds issued - Straight bonds

At initial recognition, straight bonds are measured at cost which comprises proceeds from issuance net of issuance costs. Any discount, premium or issuance costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the bond.

3.21. Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue mainly comprise revenue from passenger transportation and ancillary services, pilots and flight attendants training revenue, and income from sales and leaseback of finance of financial lease asset. The Group records unearned revenue for the future obligation that the Group has to fulfill. Unearned revenue is recognised as revenue in the consolidation income statement during the period to the extent that revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.22. Share capital

(i) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

(ii) Shares premium

The difference between proceeds from issuance of shares over the par value is recorded in share premium.

(iii) Repurchase of ordinary shares (treasury shares)

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, net of tax effects, is recognised as a reduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares under equity.

3.23. Taxation

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year/period comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year/period, using tax rates enacted at the end of the annual accounting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the annual accounting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.



Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.24. Revenue and other income

(i) Passenger transportation

Revenue from passenger transportation is recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the transportation is provided or when the ticket expires. The value of unused passenger tickets and miscellaneous charges is recorded in current liabilities as unearned revenue. Non-refundable tickets generally expire on the date of the intended flight, unless the date is extended by notification from the customer on or before the intended flight date. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due. Revenue of passenger transportation is recognised at the net amount after deducting sales discounts stated on the invoice.

(ii) Charter flights

Revenue from block seats and charter flights are recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the services are provided. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

(iii) Cargo revenue

Revenue from cargo transportation from charter cargo is recognized in the consolidated statement of income when the services are provided.

(iv) Ancillary revenue

Ancilliary revenue includes baggage service and utilizing other revenue related to passenger transportation, sale of in-flight and duty-free merchandise, advertising and commission. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods or services.

Revenue from baggage service is recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the related passenger transportation service is provided or when the ticket expires.

Other revenue related to passenger transportation such as fees charged in association with changes or extensions to non-refundable tickets are recorded as ancilliary revenue at the time the fee is earned. Amendment fees related to non-refundable tickets are considered a separate transaction from the passenger transportation and they are recognised in the consolidated statement of income when charged to passengers.

Sales of in-flight and duty-free merchandise are recognised in the consolidated statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyers.

Advertising revenue and commission are recorded as ancilliary revenue at the time the fee is earned

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.24. Revenue and other income (continued)

(v) Aircrafts leasing

Revenue from aircrafts leasing under operating lease arrangements is recognised in consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised in the consolidated statement of income as an integral part of the total lease revenue.

(vi) Sales of aircrafts and aircraft engines

Revenue from the sales of aircrafts and aircraft engines is recognised in consolidated statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of aircrafts or aircraft engines.

(vii) Sales and leaseback transaction

The Group's aircraft and aircraft engine sales and leaseback transaction is a transaction where an aircraft or aircraft engine is sold then leased back by the Group. The accounting treatment of a sale and leaseback transaction depends upon the type of lease involved.

For a transaction that results in an operating lease:

- If the sale price is at fair value, there has in effect been a normal sale transaction and any profit
 or loss is recognised immediately.
- If the sale price is below fair value, any profit or loss shall be recognised immediately except that, if the loss is compensated for by future lease payments at below market price, it shall be deferred and amortised in proportion to the lease payments over the period for which the aircraft or aircraft engine is expected to be used.
- If the sale price is above fair value, the excess over fair value shall be deferred and amortised over the period for which the aircraft or aircraft engine is expected to be used.
- If the fair value at the time of a sale and leaseback transaction is less than the carrying amount of the aircraft or aircraft engine, a loss equal to the amount of the difference between the carrying amount and fair value shall be recognised immediately.

(viii) Sales of purchase right option

Revenue from the sales of non-refundable purchase right option is recognised in consolidated statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of purchase right option.

(ix) Other services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in consolidated statement of income in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the annual accounting period. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

(x) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on the time proportion basis with reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

(xi) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established. Share dividends are not recognised as income. Dividends received which are attributable to the period before investment acquisition date are deducted from the carrying amount of the investment.

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25. Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are the cost of merchandise sold or services rendered during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudence basis.

3.26. Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling merchandises and providing services.

3.27. General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

3.28. Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expenses or losses relating to provision for diminution in the value of trading securities; provision for diminution in value of other entities; unwinding discount of provision; expenses of lending and borrowing; finance lease interest expenses losses incurred on selling foreign currencies and losses from foreign exchange differences.

3.29. Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the leas. Lease incentives received are recognised in the consolidated statement of income as an integral part of the total lease expense.

3.30. Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year/period. The Company does not have potential dilutive ordinary share.

3.31. Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing related products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segment.

3.32. Related parties

Parties considered to be related to the Group if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or where the Group and the other party are subject to common control or significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and include close family members of any individual considered to be a related party.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

4.1. Business segment

For management purpose, the Group has 2 reportable operating segments as follows:

- Providing passenger and cargo transportation, ancilliary services, aircraft rental and advertising on aircrafts (referred to as "aviation services"); and
- Sales of aircrafts and related assets.

Except those indicated above, the Group has no other operating segments being aggregated to form a reportable operating segment. Segmental information for total revenue and cost of sales is shown in Note 26 and Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements. There is no intersegment revenue between operating segments. All the Group's assets, liabilities, financial income and financial expenses, general and administration expenses, selling expenses, other income and other expenses are unallocated.

The Board of Management determined the operating segments based on reports that are reviewed and used to make strategic decisions.

4.2. Geographical segment

The Group's revenue is presented by geographical area (by country of destination) as follows:

	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
In Vietnam Outside Vietnam	8,326,901,851,355 9,558,401,855,786	7,177,704,086,607 9,060,247,081,407
	17,885,303,707,141	16,237,951,168,014

The Group's fixed assets and capital expenditure are primarily located in Vietnam.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND	
Cash on hand	7,837,293,791	7,850,050,091	
Cash at banks (*)	6,524,502,479,736	4,020,880,206,147	
Cash equivalents (**)	616,313,781,931	530,254,292,914	
	7,148,653,555,458	4,558,984,549,152	
			

^(*) As at 30 June 2025, the demand deposits mainly consist of VND3,630 billion from share issuance and VND1,000 billion from bond issuance in June 2025, both to be used for payments purposes being registered under issuance, in accordance with the payment schedule during 2025; VND1,424 billion allocated for Pre-Delivery Payment (PDP) (expected to be disbursed from July to August 2025), together with the demand deposit amounted USD2,013,600 at HSBC (Vietnam) Ltd. has been placed to secure for the obligations arising from the annually revolving issuance of letter of credits until the end of leasing agreements, which expire in 2026, 2029 and 2030 respectively.

^(**) Cash equivalents include term deposits in VND at banks with original maturities of 3 months or less to secure for obligations arising from the issuance of deferred letter of credit and standby letters of credit.

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

6. INVESTMENTS

(a) Short-term investments

	30.06.2025				
	Quantity	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND	
Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	575,000,000,000	(415,000,000,000)	
		01.0	1.2025		
	Quantity	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND	
Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	603,200,000,000	(386,800,000,000)	

(b) Investments held to maturity

	30.06.	2025	01.01.	2025
	Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND
Term deposits (*) Bonds	1,863,766,831,924	1,863,766,831,924	2,622,614,582,042 600,018,829,073	2,622,614,582,042 600,018,829,073
	1,863,766,831,924	1,863,766,831,924	3,222,633,411,115	3,222,633,411,115
	1,863,766,831,924	1,863,766,831,924	3,222,633,411,115	

^(*) As at 30 June 2025, bank deposits in Vietnamese Dong with a maturity of more than three months to ensure financial obligations arising from the use of bank credit limits, collateral for the issuance of annual revolving letters of credit (until the end of lease agreements, which expire in 2026, 2028, 2029 and 2032).

Form B 09a - DN/HN

149,417,024,400

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

6. INVESTMENTS (continued)

(c)	Equity investments in other entities	30.0	06.2025	01.0	1.2025
		% of equity owned	VND	% of equity owned	VND
	Sai Gon Ground Services Jsc Angelica Holding Limited (i)	9.1% 10%	149,417,024,400	9.1% 10%	149,417,024,400

⁽i) As at 30 June 2025, the Group has not yet contributed capital in this company, which is incorporated in Cayman Islands. The principal activities of this company are to provide consultancy services and lease aircraft.

149,417,024,400

(d) Investments in associates

	30.06.2025		01.01.2025	
	% of equity owned	VND	% of equity owned	VND
Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd. (i) Cam Ranh International Terminal Jsc	9% 10%	60,000,000,000	9% 10%	60,000,000,000
		60,000,000,000		60,000,000,000

⁽i) As at 30 June 2025, the Group has not yet contributed capital in this associate. This company's operations are mainly financed by the Group

7. SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Hangzhou BaoLi Co., Ltd. Angelica Aviation Capital Vietnam Joint Stock Company Fadle Chem Private Limited Others	1,022,626,292,452 689,587,765,015 479,675,229,392 7,461,334,272,075	1,446,270,576,642 600,000,000,000 1,448,542,543,800 7,870,149,766,628
	9,653,223,558,934	11,364,962,887,070

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

8. LONG TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

The balance as at 30 June 2025 and 01 January 2025 represented long-term prepayment for consulting services, market development strategy within 5 to 10 years.

9. LENDING

(a) Short-term

Borrower	Currency	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Angelica Aviation Capital Vietnam Joint Stock			
Company	VND	604,250,000,000	604,250,000,000
Menas Truong Son Joint Stock Company	VND	422,400,000,000	517,400,000,000
Truong Son Plaza Joint Stock Company	VND	338,710,531,793	338,710,531,793
Nam Anh Technology Limited Company	VND	80,660,000,000	80,660,000,000
Others	VND	92,691,921,500	92,691,921,500
		1,538,712,453,293	1,633,712,453,293

(b) Long-term

Borrower	Currency	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
AAA Aircraft Asset Company Limited	USD	557,106,456,000	543,990,480,000
Apricot Aircraft Assets No. 1 Limited	USD	335,554,453,291	327,654,483,530
Others	VND	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
		942,660,909,291	921,644,963,530

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

10. OTHER RECEIVABLES

(a) Short-term

		30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Deposits for aircraft purchases within next 12 months	4,517,555,152,679	24,720,000,000
	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft	4,457,780,869,471	4,104,941,320,777
	Receivables from transferred building operation rights	2,459,892,762,239	2,452,888,880,000
	Receivables from transfer of business corporation	2,218,130,485,746	-
	Receivables from business corporation	-	2,186,560,400,000
	Receivables from share transfer	493,600,000,000	1,716,600,000,000
	Others	3,316,215,619,684	3,919,069,437,222
		17,463,174,889,819	14,404,780,037,999
(b)	T		
(~)	Long-term		
(~)	Long-term	30.06.2025	01.01.2025
(~)	Long-term	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
(~)	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft	VND	VND
(~)		VND 14,055,243,715,892	VND 12,563,933,622,570
(~)	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft	VND 14,055,243,715,892 7,280,701,088,089	VND 12,563,933,622,570 3,347,587,646,013
(~)	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft Deposit for aircraft purchases after next 12 months (*)	VND 14,055,243,715,892	VND 12,563,933,622,570

^(*) The amounts included represent deposits for aircraft purchases up to 2032 to Airbus S.A.S Company and Boeing.

11. INVENTORIES

	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Tools and supplies Merchandise	2,272,552,711,657 55,990,285,925	1,955,111,216,782 50,324,543,461
	2,328,542,997,582	2,005,435,760,243

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

12. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

	Aircraft and components VND	Buildings and structures VND	Machinery and equipment	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 01 January 2025 Increase	8,138,012,067,383 2,507,318,445,958	413,681,874,199	158,521,812,712 8,391,264,213	339,501,554,224 58,116,035,206	71,557,927,465	9,121,275,235,983 2,575,586,389,216
As at 30 June 2025	10,645,330,513,341	413,883,874,199	166,913,076,925	397,617,589,430	73,116,571,304	11,696,861,625,199
Accumulated depreciation As at 01 January 2025 Charge for the period	610,727,890,424 244,145,888,116	43,705,031,478 4,513,074,122	82,390,935,413 9,908,516,077	56,599,589,435	43,634,702,526 3,883,488,746	837,058,149,276 282,062,153,211
As at 30 June 2025	854,873,778,540	48,218,105,600	92,299,451,490	76,210,775,585	47,518,191,272	1,119,120,302,487
Net book value As at 01 January 2025	7,527,284,176,959	369,976,842,721	76,130,877,299	282,901,964,789	27,923,224,939	8,284,217,086,707
As at 30 June 2025	9,790,456,734,801	365,665,768,599	74,613,625,435	321,406,813,845	25,598,380,032	10,577,741,322,712

Included in the cost of tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND60 billion which were fully depreciated as at 30 June 2025 (01.01.2025: VND59 billion), but which are still in active use.





Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

12. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Finance lease fixed assets

	Aircraft VND
Historical cost	
As at 01 January 2025 and 30 June 2025	6,181,116,755,409
Accumulated depreciation	
As at 01 January 2025	354,785,685,564
Charge for the period	153,257,826,401
As at 30 June 2025	508,043,511,965
Net book value	
As at 01 January 2025	5,826,331,069,845
As at 30 June 2025	5,673,073,243,444

(c) Intangible fixed assets

		Commercial operating rights	
	Software VND	for air routes VND	Total VND
Historical cost	VILD	VND	VIND
As at 01 January 2025	108,623,042,127	-	108,623,042,127
Increase	15,103,577,364	1,523,080,000,000	1,538,183,577,364
As at 30 June 2025	123,726,619,491	1,523,080,000,000	1,646,806,619,491
Accumulated amortization			
As at 01 January 2025	52,934,256,910	· -	52,934,256,910
Charge for the period	6,942,182,621	7,644,574,860	14,586,757,481
As at 30 June 2025	59,876,439,531	7,644,574,860	67,521,014,391
Net book value			
As at 01 January 2025	55,688,785,217	-	55,688,785,217
As at 30 June 2025	63,850,179,960	1,515,435,425,140	1,579,285,605,100

Included in the cost of intangible fixed assets were assets costing VND32 billion which were fully amortized as at 30 June 2025 (01.01.2025: VND31 billion), but which are still in active use.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

13. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

		30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Repair and maintenance	797,772,306,305	1,344,160,329,710
	Costs relating to aircraft and components	415,556,444,051	139,283,174,182
	Others	62,397,967,893	44,770,152,213
		1,275,726,718,249	1,528,213,656,105
14.	PREPAID EXPENSES		
(a)	Short-term		
		30.06.2025	01.01.2025
		VND	VND
	Tools	158,952,866,842	114,424,082,292
	Software usage fee	27,401,868,871	33,921,569,165
	Others	40,923,961,678	52,062,518,505
		227,278,697,391	200,408,169,962

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

14. PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

(b) Long-term

Total VND	231,358,479,186 9,788,178,924,050 138,757,683,392 1,212,044,710,539 (163,316,493,118) (1,137,065,525,354)	9,863,158,109,235
Others VND	231,358,479,186 138,757,683,392 (163,316,493,118)	206,799,669,460
Aircraft lease expenses VND	883,306,047,428 2,142,304,159,611 444,047,502,150 (102,571,728,987) (220,249,588,304)	1,922,054,571,307
Rotating parts, tooks and instruments	883,306,047,428 444,047,502,150 (102,571,728,987)	840,230,490,006 1,224,781,820,591 1,922,054,571,307
Major inspection and overhaul expenditure VND	509,725,215,229 476,619,456,341 (146,114,181,564)	840,230,490,006
Costs to make good on leased assets VND	588,561,926,309 - (59,552,697,906)	529,009,228,403
Prepayments for maintenance VND	5,432,923,096,287 588,561,926,309 152,620,068,656 - (445,260,835,475) (59,552,697,906)	5,140,282,329,468 529,009,228,403
	As at 01 January 2025 Increase Allocation	As at 30 June 2025

15. SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	30.06	.2025	01.01	.2025
	Value VND	Value Able-to-pay amount VND VND	Value VND	Value Able-to-pay amount VND VND
short-term trade accounts payable	4,930,652,004,323	4,930,652,004,323	6,194,937,427,436	6,194,937,427,436

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

16. TAXES

As at 30 June 2025 VND	5,669,746,225	5,669,746,225	60,373,535,554 262,210,640,260 53,042,858,891 6,318,324,803 93,817,293 (6,952,136)
Refund/ reclassification A	(41,075,521,011)	(41,075,521,011)	(14,902,916)
Payment/net-off during the period VND	(908,836,062,214) (31,978,011,981) (22,716,554,517)	(963,530,628,712)	(169,994,282,776) (976,634,499,678) (324,307,545,527) (55,832,562,603) (63,044,141,585) (200,193,220,478) (1,790,006,252,647)
Receivable/payable during the period VND	907,830,167,637	968,887,468,500	57,259,584,418 1,217,701,845,385 291,729,887,991 62,150,887,406 63,137,958,878 200,194,209,166 1,892,174,373,244
As at 01.01.2025 VND	6,675,640,802 31,978,011,981 2,734,774,665	41,388,427,448	173,108,233,912 21,143,294,553 85,620,516,427 6,962,092 279,879,006,984
	a) Tax receivable Deductible VAT Foreign contractor tax Deductible foreign goods, services tax		cIT VAT Personal income tax Foreign contractor tax Foreign goods, services tax Other tax

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

17. SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
aft,	
1,692,296,237,036	1,755,410,528,775
	409,021,643,487
249,329,702,067	296,509,813,342
2,362,997,593,484	2,460,941,985,604
UE	
30.06.2025	01.01.2025
VND	VND
vices revenue	
next 12 months 3,276,470,679,868	4,213,581,649,205
148,222,096,681	39,466,420,836
3,424,692,776,549	4,253,048,070,041
30.06.2025	01.01.2025
VND	VND
orts 2,168,582,075,351	2,118,088,367,717
sengers 709,562,986,790	839,736,855,126
340,261,342,654	819,184,805,605
3,218,406,404,795	3,777,010,028,448
	The sengers (1,692,296,237,036, 421,371,654,381, 249,329,702,067) 2,362,997,593,484 UE 30.06.2025 VND 3,276,470,679,868, 148,222,096,681 3,424,692,776,549 2,168,582,075,351, 709,562,986,790, 340,261,342,654

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN
(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

(a) Short-term

	As at 01.01.2025 VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Revaluation VND	As at 30.06.2025 VND
Borrowings from banks (i)	11,672,416,788,911	27,124,286,367,763	27,124,286,367,763 (20,924,159,540,038)	54,475,194,459	17,927,018,811,095
Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 20(b)(i))	258,487,821,008	219,559,859,843	(125,986,713,504)	978,699,717	353,039,667,064
Current portion of long-term innance lease (Note 20(b)(iii))	319,202,154,636	146,957,817,563	(160,996,750,690)	22,915,505,882	328,078,727,391
Borrowings from related parties Borrowings from others	95,000,000,000	300,000,000,000	' '	1 1	395,000,000,000
	12,460,106,764,555	27,790,804,045,169	27,790,804,045,169 (21,211,143,004,232)	78,369,400,058	19,118,137,205,550

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(a) Short-term (continued)

(i) Borrowings from banks

Details short-term borrowings were as follows:

Lenders	Currency	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank, a related party	USD	7,610,012,588,997	1,415,720,856,463
Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank, a related party	VND	741,877,152,830	1,465,577,026,396
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank of Industry and Trade	VND	2,996,304,436,803	2,559,902,533,467
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	1,901,137,548,361	2,511,371,998,427
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	USD	629,339,966,598	-
Woori Bank Vietnam Limited, Ho Chi Minh City Branch	VND	640,869,085,249	649,984,161,979
Vietnam Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	1,949,710,661,366	1,973,876,211,809
HSBC Bank (Viet Nam) Limited	VND	82,008,192,984	66,012,334,054
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	104,548,401,210	-
Vietnam International Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	1,271,210,776,697	1,029,971,666,316
		17,927,018,811,095	11,672,416,788,911

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term

As at 30.06.2025 VND	3,109,870,662,564 26,000,000,000,000 3,210,169,292,036 (423,949,676,131)	31,896,090,278,469
Revaluation VND	1,991,834,524 - 74,014,712,738	76,006,547,262
Decrease VND	(219,559,859,843) - (146,957,817,563) 64,118,971,801	(302,398,705,605)
Increase VND	1,110,000,000,000,000 1,000,000,000,000 - (39,910,000,000)	2,070,090,000,000
As at 01.01.2025 VND	2,217,438,687,883 25,000,000,000,000 3,283,112,396,861 (448,158,647,932)	30,052,392,436,812
	Borrowings from banks (i) Straight bonds (ii) Finance lease liabilities (iii) Bond issuance costs	

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term

(i) Borrowing from bank

Lenders	Currency Maturity	Maturity	As at 30.06.2025 Current portion of long-term borrowings VND	Long-term borrowings VND	As at 01.01.2025 Current portion of long-term borrowings VND	Long-term borrowings VND
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank (*) Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank of	OSD	June 2028 December	75,996,440,056	154,666,778,976		187,463,190,791
Industry and Trade (**) Vietnam International Commercial Joint	ONA	2036	184,543,227,008	184,543,227,008 1,937,703,883,588	184,543,227,008	2,029,975,497,092
Stock Bank (***)	VND	April 2037	92,500,000,000	92,500,000,000 1,017,500,000,000	'	
			353,039,667,064	353,039,667,064 3,109,870,662,564	258,487,821,008	2,217,438,687,883

Terms and conditions of long-term borrowings were as follow:

^(*) The principal debit balance of this loan is repaid in 17 semi-annual periods and the last period on 13 June 2028.

^(**) The principal debit balance of this loan is repaid quarterly periods and the last period on December 2036.

^(***) The principal debit balance of this loan is repaid quarterly periods and the last period on April 2037.

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(ii) Straight bonds

Terms and conditions of long-term bonds were as follow:

.025	Long-term VND	5,000,000,000,000	6,000,000,000,000	3,000,000,000,000	2,000,000,000,000	9,000,000,000,000	•	25,000,000,000,000
01.01.2025	Current portion of long-term bonds VND		•	1	1	•	ı	1
2025	Long-term VND	5,000,000,000,000	6,000,000,000,000	3,000,000,000,000	2,000,000,000,000	9,000,000,000,000	1,000,000,000,000	26,000,000,000,000
30.06.2025	Current portion of long-term bonds VND	ı	1	ı				1
Year of maturity		2026	2028	2028	2029	2029	2030	
Currency		VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	
		Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (*)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (**)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (***)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (****)	bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (****)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (*****)	

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(ii) Straight bonds (continued)

- (*) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9.5% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (**) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 12% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3.5% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 12-month personal deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (***) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 10.5% until the maturity date.
- (****) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 10.5% per annum for the first 4 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3.5% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 13-month personal deposits in VND but not lower than the interest rate of 10.5% in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (*****) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 11% per annum for the first 4 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 4.0% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 13-month personal deposits in VND but not lower than the interest rate of 11% in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (******) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 10.5% per annum for the first 4 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3.5% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 13-month personal deposits in VND but not lower than the interest rate of 10.5% in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

20. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(iii) Financial lease liabilities

Details of finance lease liabilities are as follows:

		30.06.2025	
	Principal	Lease interest expense	Total
	VND	VND	VND
Under 1 year	328,078,727,391	379,224,673,721	707,303,401,112
From 1 to 5 years	1,312,785,467,806	1,149,485,603,021	2,462,271,070,827
Over 5 years	1,897,383,824,230	513,501,818,650	2,410,885,642,880
	3,538,248,019,427	2,042,212,095,392	5,580,460,114,819
		01.01.2025	
	Principal	Lease interest expense	Total
	VND	VND	VND
Under 1 year	319,202,154,636	386,856,361,800	706,058,516,436
From 1 to 5 years	1,277,241,576,086	1,199,825,469,018	2,477,067,045,104
Over 5 years	2,005,870,820,775	608,156,104,837	2,614,026,925,612
	3,602,314,551,497	2,194,837,935,655	5,797,152,487,152

As at 30 June 2025, the balance of financial lease liabilities with principal repayments is USD135 million (01.01.2025: USD141 million).

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

21. PROVISIONS

Movements of provisions during the period were as follows:

		Provision for maintenance expenses VND	Provision to make good on leased assets VND	Total VND
	As at 01 January 2025 Provision made during the period Utilised of provision	18,077,782,029,579 800,015,881,656 (835,379,580,287)	1,582,481,142,697 62,242,936,476	19,660,263,172,276 862,258,818,132 (835,379,580,287)
	As at 30 June 2025	18,042,418,330,948	1,644,724,079,173	19,687,142,410,121
	Short-term Long-term	2,198,000,266,571 15,844,418,064,377 18,042,418,330,948	46,643,872,837 1,598,080,206,336 1,644,724,079,173	2,244,644,139,408 17,442,498,270,713 19,687,142,410,121
22.	BONUS AND WELFARE FUNDS			
			30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Beginning of period/year Utilization of the fund period/year Others		8,733,442,795 - 1,381,265,000	5,489,738,949 (130,000,000) 3,373,703,846
	End of the period/year		10,114,707,795	8,733,442,795

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

23. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority. Details are as follows:

	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Deferred tax assets: Deferred tax assets to be recovered		
after more than 12 months	4,454,130,997,437	3,860,228,583,485
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	559,684,515,881	576,195,260,012
	5,013,815,513,318	4,436,423,843,497
	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Deferred tax liabilities: Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered		
after more than 12 months Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered	(4,060,657,554,656)	(3,585,625,310,262)
within 12 months	(1,568,639,560,023)	(1,340,632,373,800)
	(5,629,297,114,679)	(4,926,257,684,062)
Net off	5,013,815,513,318	4,436,423,843,497
Net deferred income tax (liabilities)/assets	(615,481,601,361)	(489,833,840,565)

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

23. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

Movements in the deferred income tax, taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

	30.06.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Beginning of period/year Income statement charged period/year Exchange differences	(489,833,840,565) (299,992,968,029) 174,345,207,233	32,797,640,777 (407,239,214,139) (115,392,267,203)
End of the period/year	(615,481,601,361)	(489,833,840,565)

The Group uses tax rate of 20% to determine deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities in 2025 (2024: 20%).

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities mainly include temporary differences related to deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences and tax losses carried forward.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for a maximum period of no more than five consecutive years from the year right after the year in which the loss was incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in the consolidated financial statements. The estimated amount of tax losses available for offset against the Group's future taxable income is:

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Loss incurred VND	Loss utilized VND	Loss carried forward VND
2020	Outstanding	2,414,670,803,135	(2,409,342,309,100)	5,328,494,035
2022	Outstanding	3,051,323,296,483		3,051,323,296,483

Form B 09a – DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

24. OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	30.06.2	025	01.01.2	025
	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares
Number of shares registered	591,611,334	-	541,611,334	-
Number of shares issued	591,611,334	-	541,611,334	<u>-</u> .
Number of existing shares in circulation	591,611,334	-	541,611,334	-

(b) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND
As at 01 January 2024	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000
As at 01 January 2025 New shares issued	541,611,334 50,000,000	5,416,113,340,000 500,000,000,000
As at 30 June 2025	591,611,334	5,916,113,340,000

Par value per share: VND10,000.

Each share is entitled to one vote at the Shareholders' meetings of the Company. Shareholders are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. All ordinary shares are ranked equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. In respect of shares bought back by the Company, all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company and its subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a – DN/HN
(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC)
dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

25. MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total VND	15,253,140,303,435 1,404,003,392,859	461,569,068,810	17,118,712,765,104 4,999,900,000,000	1,294,047,071,880	464,384,907,382	23,877,044,744,366
Non-controlling interests VND	21,258,359,337 840,413,859	•	22,098,773,196	1,158,041,350	t	23,256,814,546
Post-tax undistributed earnings VND	9,249,524,468,061 1,403,162,979,000	•	10,652,687,447,061	1,292,889,030,530	•	11,945,576,477,591
Foreign exchange difference VND	318,761,018,138	461,569,068,810	780,330,086,948	•	464,384,907,382	1,244,714,994,330
Share premium VND	247,483,117,899	•	247,483,117,899	1	•	4,747,383,117,899
Owners' capital VND	5,416,113,340,000		5,416,113,340,000	1	•	5,916,113,340,000
	As at 01 January 2024 Profit for the year	Foreign currency conversion differences for overseas activities	As at 01 January 2025 Canital increased during the period	Profit for the period	differences for overseas activities	As at 30 June 2025

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

26. NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
Passenger transportation		
- Domestic routes	4,914,095,446,229	4,223,973,853,262
- International routes	3,052,155,368,572	3,148,509,772,173
- Ancillary revenue	6,893,140,815,522	5,795,119,822,583
- Revenue from charter flights	1,459,226,956,249	1,634,756,753,954
	16,318,618,586,572	14,802,360,201,972
Revenue from arrangement, transfer of ownership		
and commercialization of aircraft and engines	428,565,000,000	787,450,000,000
Aircraft dry leases	475,569,116,560	478,478,178,424
Other revenue	662,551,004,009	169,662,787,618
	17,885,303,707,141	16,237,951,168,014

27. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
Costs of flight operation expenses Cost for arrangement, transfer of ownership and	14,651,662,230,769	13,727,682,623,238
commercialization of aircraft and engines	-	302,783,709,260
Depreciation and allocation	275,373,596,248	156,151,354,633
Other expenses	541,299,272,595	42,652,477,051
	15,468,335,099,612	14,229,270,164,182

Form B 09a – DN/HN (Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

28. FINANCIAL INCOME

		Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
	Interest income from deposits and lendings	185,467,337,585	127,710,005,514
	Realised foreign exchange gains	-	164,311,308,053
	Unrealised foreign exchange gains	277,370,247,467	168,477,797,094
	Others	135,629,552,762	102,428,548,697
		598,467,137,814	562,927,659,358
29.	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		Quarter II.2025	Quarter II.2024
		VND	VND
	Interest expenses Provision/(reversal) for diminution in the value of	834,494,756,892	555,711,016,631
	trading securities	70,000,000,000	(87,700,000,000)
	Realised foreign exchange losses	33,393,391,625	204,185,307,980
	Others	238,448,627,434	411,263,470,725
		1,176,336,775,951	1,083,459,795,336

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

30. SELLING EXPENSES

	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
Selling and commission expenses	333,463,489,156	223,819,297,561
Advertising and marketing expenses	211,622,702,143	310,004,879,331
Staff costs	56,748,529,783	48,982,029,997
Others	13,931,473,167	17,337,035,399
	615,766,194,249	600,143,242,288
31. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
Staff costs	61,215,004,843	30,988,578,237
Provision for the bad debt	· · · · · -	373,902,439,925
Rental expenses	7,071,351,539	9,836,653,277
Others	400,206,855,801	253,800,070,154
	468,493,212,183	668,527,741,593
32. COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT		
	Quarter II.2025 VND	Quarter II.2024 VND
Board of Directors Average monthly salary per person	2,092,704,762 77,507,584	2,092,704,762 77,507,584
Board of Management Average monthly salary per person	1,891,800,000 126,120,000	1,896,000,000 126,400,000

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

33. BUSINESS INCOME TAX

Applicable tax rate

(i) Companies incorporated in Vietnam

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

The company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the usual income tax rate of 20% of taxable profits.

Vietjet Air Cargo Joint Stock Company

The company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the usual income tax rate of 20% of taxable profits.

Galaxy Pay Company Limited

The company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the usual income tax rate of 20% of taxable profits.

Swift 247 Joint Stock Company

The company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the usual income tax rate of 20% of taxable profits.

Vietjet Ground Services Limited Liability Company

The company has an obligation to pay the government income tax at the usual income tax rate of 20% of taxable profits.

(ii) Companies incorporated in British Virgin Islands

Vietjet Air IVB No. I Limited and Vietjet Air IVB No. II Limited

There are no taxes on income or gains in the British Virgin Islands.

(iii) Companies incorporated in Singapore

Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Vietjet Air Singapore Pte.Ltd. has an obligation to pay income tax at the rate of 17% of taxable profits.

(iv) Companies incorporated in Ireland

Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited

Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited has an obligation to pay income tax at the rate of 25% of taxable profits.

(v) Companies incorporated in Cayman Islands

Skymate Limited

There are no taxes on income or gains in Cayman Islands.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

(Issued under Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

34. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earning per share as at 30 June 2025 is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare fund by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares, details are as below:

(a) Basic earnings per share

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND)	1,292,889,030,530	830,825,785,091
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (shares) Basic earnings per share (VND)	591,611,334 2,185	541,611,334

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted earnings per share during the period and up to the approval date of these consolidated financial statements.

35. COMPARATIVES

The data compared on 01 January 2025 are carried forward from the financial data presented in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2024 which were audited.

29 July 2025

/H/Date

Prepared by:

Thai Trong Cang

Acting Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum

Chief Financial Officer

Approvedby

HÀNG KHỐ

DINH TP. H

Nguyen Thanh Son Managing Director

